## In praise of the Author,



All Pauls-Church yard is fil'd with melancholy, Not for the want of Bookes, or wit; but folly.



It is for them, to grieve too much for thee, For thou wi't come when thou thy time shalt see.

#### Master Thomas Coriat.



But yet at one thing much my Muse doth muse, Thou auft so many commendations vse Vato thy Mother and to diners friends, Thou halt . membred many kinde commends, And till the will thou didft forget thy Father, I know not why, but this conceit I gather, That as men sitting at a feast to eat, Begin with Beefe, Porke, Mutton, and such meate; And when their stomacks are a little cloyd, This first course then the voyder doth suoid: The anger of their bunger being past, The Pheasant and the Partridge comes at last. This (I imagine) in thy mindedid fail, To note thy Father last to close up all. First to thy Mother here thou dost commend, And lastly to thy Father then dost send:

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Shee

But?

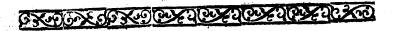
### The superscription,

Sent from Azmere, the Court of the great and mightiest Monarch of the East, called the Great MOGVLL in the Easterne India:

To be conuaid

To my deare and louing Mother Mis: Garthered Coriat, at her house in the Towne of Enill in Somersetshire.

I pray you deliuer this letter at Gerards Hall to Christopher Guppie a Carrier, (if he be yet liuing) or else to some other honest trusty Messenger, to be conusid with all convenient speed to the place aforesaid.





# Master Thomas

Coriats Commendations to his friends in England.

From Agra the Capitall (ity of the Dominion of the Great MOGOLL in the Easterne India, the last of Ostober, 1616.

Most deare and welbeloued Mother,



Hough I have superscribed my letter from Azmere, the Court of the greatest Monarch of the East called the Great Magoll in the Eastern India, which I did to this end, that those that have the

charge of conuciance thereof, perceiuing such a title, may be the more carefull and diligent to conney it safely to your hands: yet in truth the place

### M. Thomas Coriats commendations

from which I wrote this letter is Agra, a City in the faid Eastern India, which is the Metropolitan of the whole Dominion of the foresaid King Mogol, & 10 daies iourny fro his Court at the said Azmere. Fro the same Azmere I departed the 12 day of September, An. 1616, after my abode there 12 moneths& 60 daies; which though I confesse it were a too long time to remaine in one and the selfesame place, yet for two principall causes it was very requisite for me to remaine there some reasonable time: first to learne the languages of those Countries, through which I am to passe betwixt the bounds of the Teritories of this Prince and Christendome, namely these three, the Persian, Turkish, and Arab: which I haue in some competent measure attained vnto by my labour and industry at the said Kings Court, matters as auaileable vnto me as mony in my purse, as being the cheifest or rather onely meane to get me mony if I should happen to be destitute, a matter very incidentall to a poore Footman Pilgrim, as my selfe in these heathen and Mahometan Countries through which I trauell: Secondly, that by the helpe of one of those languages, I meane the Persian, I might both procure vnto my selfe accesse vnto the King, & beable to expresse my mind vnto him about the matter for the which I should have occasio to discours with him. These were the realos that moved me so long to tarry at the Mogols court, during which time I abode in the house of the English Merchants my deare Countrimen, not spending

### to his friends in England.

spending one little peece of mony either for diet, wathing, lodging, or any other thing. And as for the Pertian tongue, which I studied very earnestly, I atrained to that reasonable skill, and that in a fewe moneths, that I made an Oration vnto the King before many of his Nobles in that language, and after I had ended the same, discoursed with his Maiesty also in that tongue very readily & familiarly; the coppy of which speech, though the tong it selfe wil seem to an Englishman very strange & vncuth, as having no kind of affinity with any of our Christian languages, I have for novelty sake written out inthis letter, together with the translation thereof in English, that you may shew it to some of my lerned friends of the Clergy, and also of the temporalty in Euil, and elswere, who belike, wil take some pleafure in reading so rare and vnusuall a tongue as this is. The Persuan is this that followeth.

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